





# CITIES AND URBAN REVITALIZATION IN THE BALTIC SEA REGION

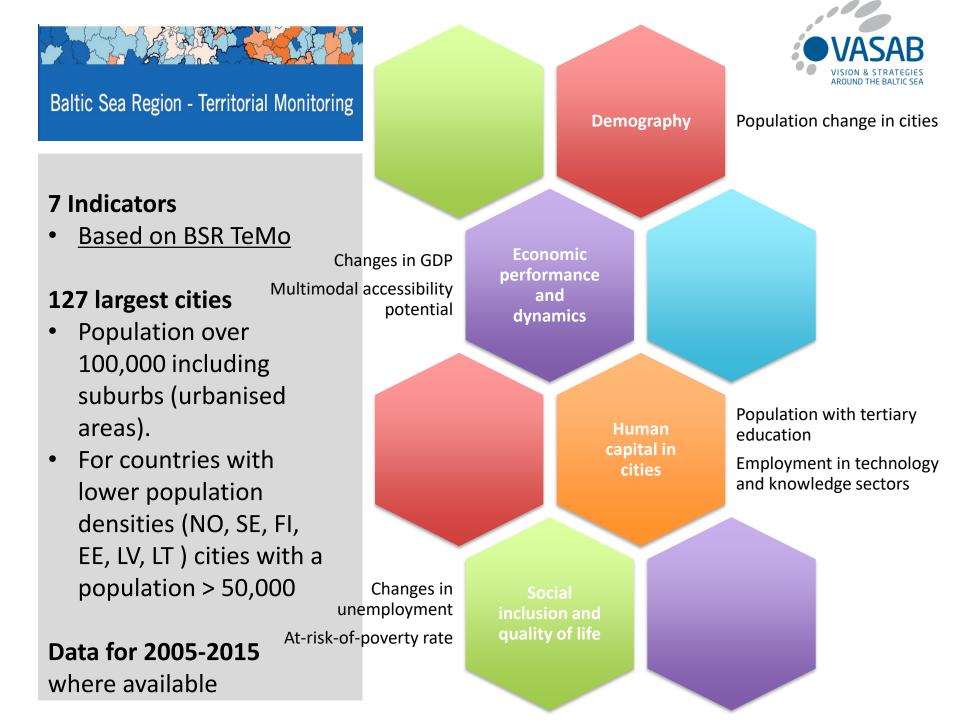
Zaucha Jacek former VASAB Chairman, University of Gdańsk Faculty of Economics

Brussels 15th May 2018 VASAB Stakeholder Workshop 2018
Achieving coherent and sustainable development of macro-region
Unique team-work of the countries around the Baltic Sea











### **DEMOGRAPHY**

### Significant growth, active suburbanisation

- Bergen, Stavanger, Oslo, Stockholm, Malmö
- Cities in Poland, population around Riga, Vilnius, Tallinn and Tartu.

### Moderate growth

 Warsaw, Berlin, Hamburg, Rostock, Kaliningrad

#### **Decline**

Cities in Eastern Germany, Poland's former industrial centers

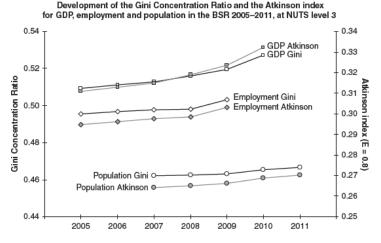




#### **POINTERS FOR POLICY**

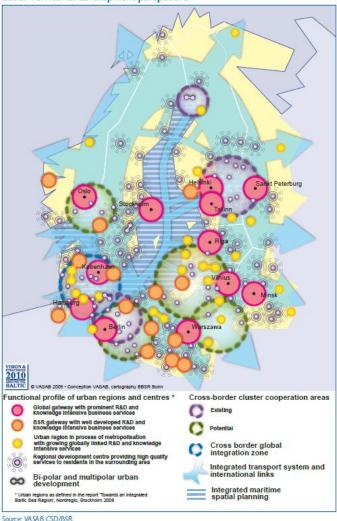
### **Population**

- Population size is the key variable for many policies, especially for provision and maintenance of public and private services.
- Demographic development patterns are showing depopulation mainly through ageing and outmigration processes especially in the new EU member states in BSR



Hanell using TeMo



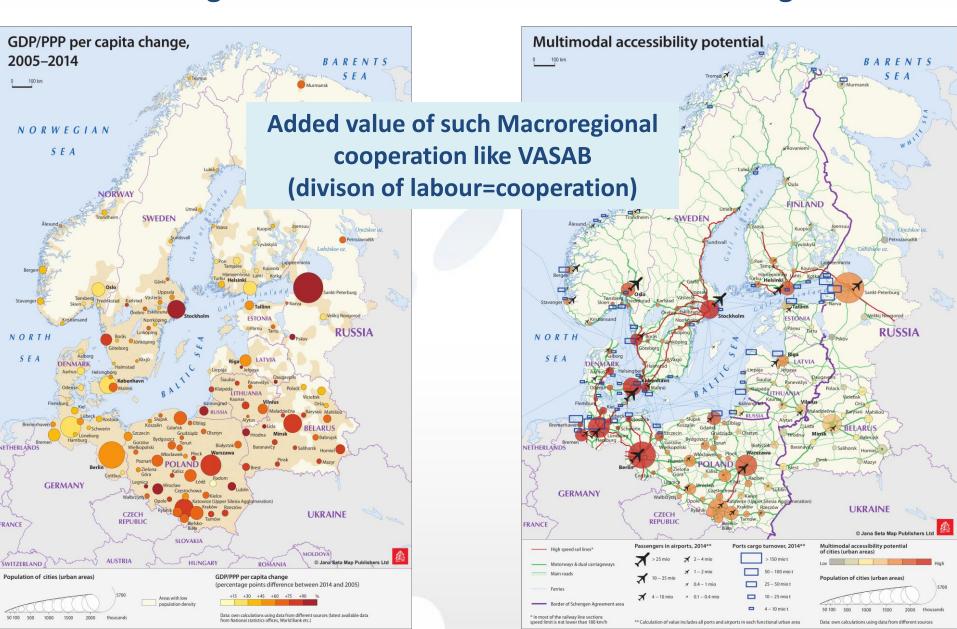


### This is why revitalization is so important!!!!

## **ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE**Convergence!



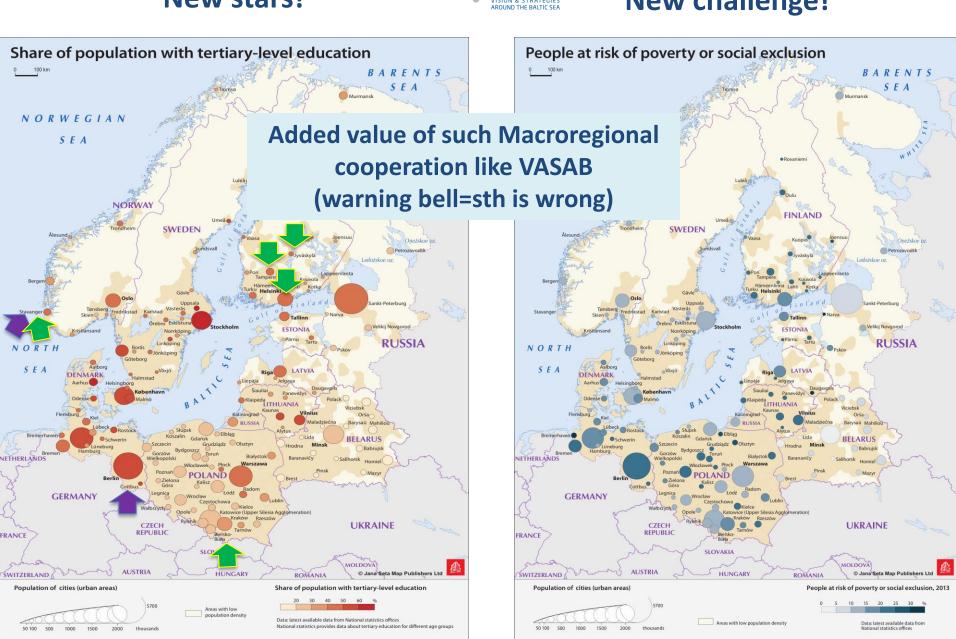
### ACCSSIBILITY Challenge!



### KNOWLEDGE BASED ECONOMY New stars!



### SOCIAL COHESION New challenge!



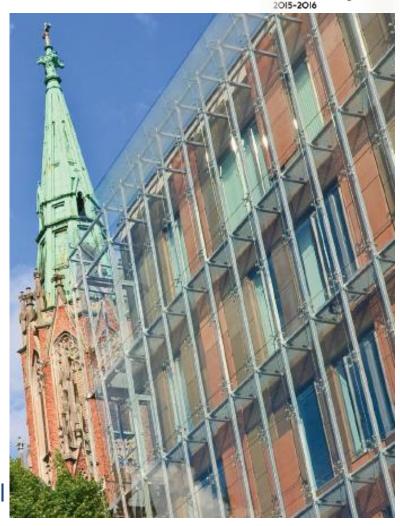


#### **REVITALISATION**



### **Findings:**

- Localised issue important for BSR as a such for its territorial cohesion
- BSR countries use a wide variety of methods, focus on various aspects, emphasise various needs.
- But, the goal is common bringing deprived and neglected parts of the cities back to life and vitality.
- There is no commonly agreed name: revitalisation, regeneration, rehabilitation
- It requires multi-level partnerships (relational governance as proposed by Faludi!!!!



Thus revitalisation will gain importance as a key element of territorially sensitive development policies in the BSR and in the EU.



#### REVITALISATION



### **Policy pointers:**

- revitalisation requires a multi-governance approach and participation;
- monitoring and open method of coordination
- spatial planners may inspire and facilitate it as specialists on stakeholders' engagement;
- BSR is of a right geographical scale to exchange experience on revitalisation
- EU and macroregional policies should be asked to consider their impact on development of the cities, their networks and urban regions.



• For instance EU Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region can be asked to prepare an overview of the impact on its actions on the Baltic cities and adjust its strategy implementation in line with the findings.



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