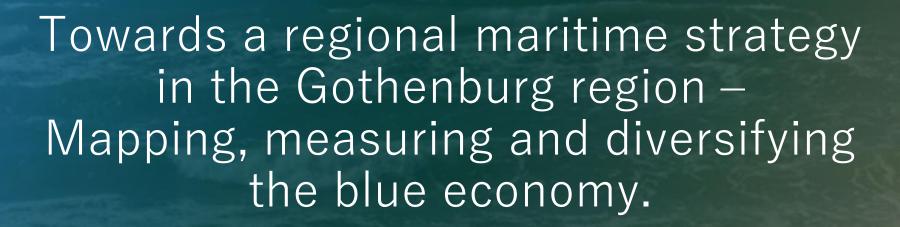




Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management





Pilot case in Land-Sea-Act project

Aims to bring together stakeholders involved in coastal management and planning, to find solutins to MSP and Blue Growth challenges around the Baltic sea and to elaborate a Multi Level Governance Agenda on Blue Growth and Spatial Planning in BSR. The project will guide national, regional and local authorities, as well a stakeholders from other sectors to:

- improve transnational cooperation and facilitate knowledge exchange to foster Blue Growth:
- raise awareness, knowledge and skills to enhance Blue Growth initiatives and integrated development in coastal areas;
- balance development of new sea uses with coastal community interests by improving coastal governance.









The Gothenburg Region (GR)

- Co-operative organisation uniting thirteen member municipalities in western Sweden.
- Main task to promote co-operation over municipal borders and provide a forum for exchange of ideas and experience within the region.
- Sustainable Growth goals and strategies focusing on regional structure (2013)
- Structural illustration Agreement on Joint Responsibility for a Sustainable Regional Structure (2008)



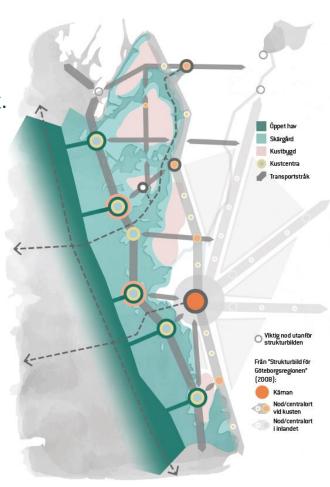






Inter municipal coastal zone planning

- Aim to increase and deepen cooperation between municipalities for sustainable coastal development.
- Deepen the structural illustration for the coastal zone with agreements on how it we can develop and protect its unique values.
- Mapping of existing knowledge, identify knowledge-gaps and develop a platform for knowledge.









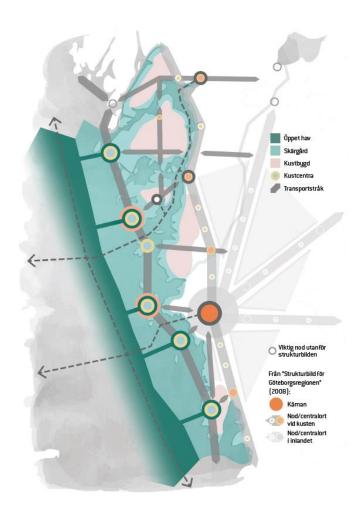


Inter municipal coastal zone planning

We agree to support sustainable maritime industries that contributes to value creation and employment in the coastal zone.

We agree to create an accessible and attractive archipelago and coastal zone for local recreation, outdoor life and tourism

Land-Sea-Act an opportunity to continue work







Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management



Pilot case activites

- GIS-mapping
- Interview study of maritime businesses
- Ongoing: Mapping of maritime businesses spatial claims









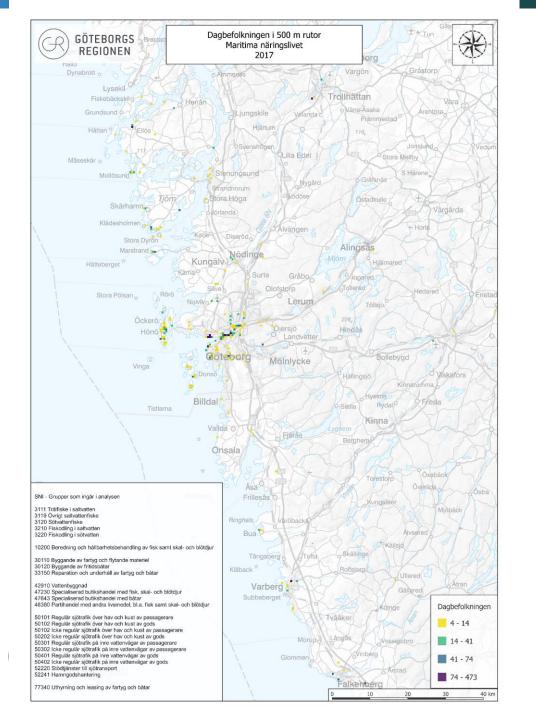
GIS-mapping of maritime businesses

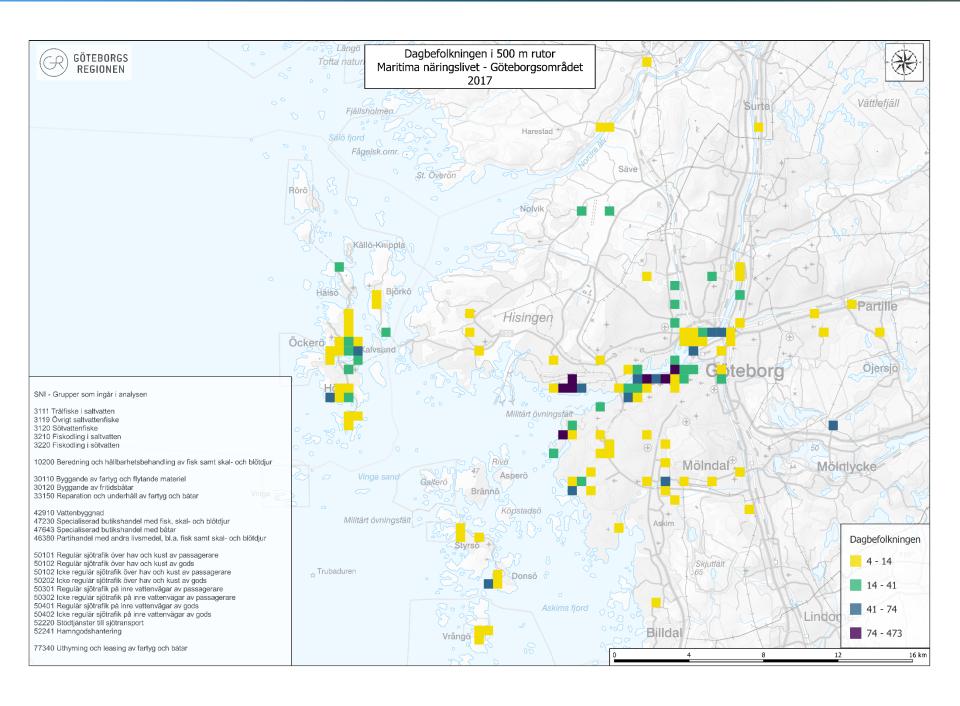
- Based on SNI-codes (corresponds to NACE.codes)
 - Selected with basis in the Swedish maritime strategy
 - Sectoral analysis also tourism
- Data Source Register-based labor market statistics (RAMS) from Statistics Sweden on "Day and nightpopulation" per 500 meters

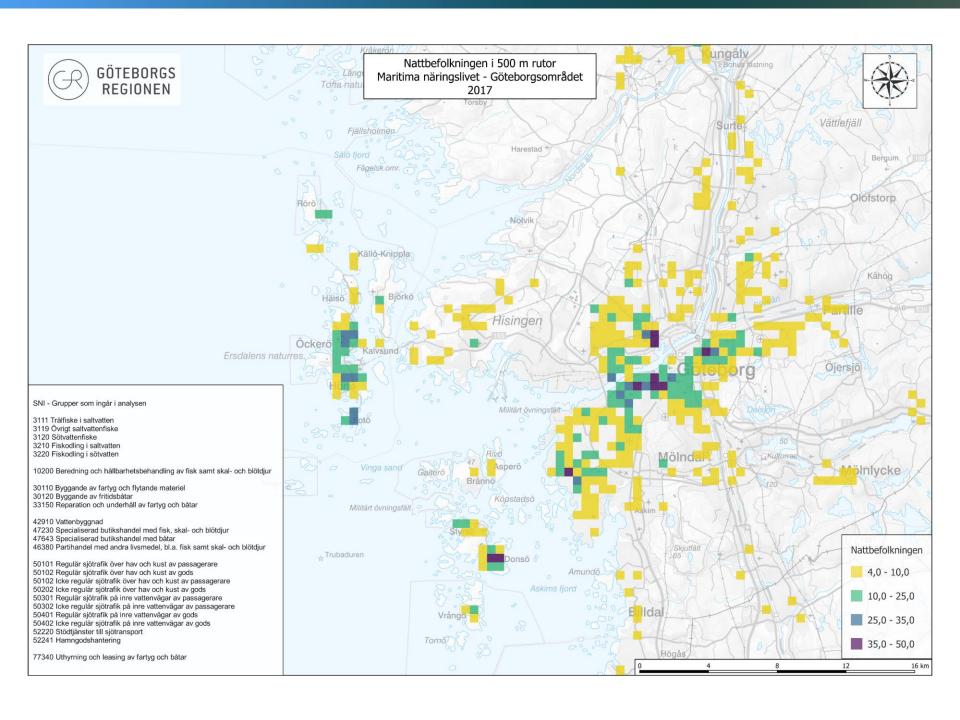


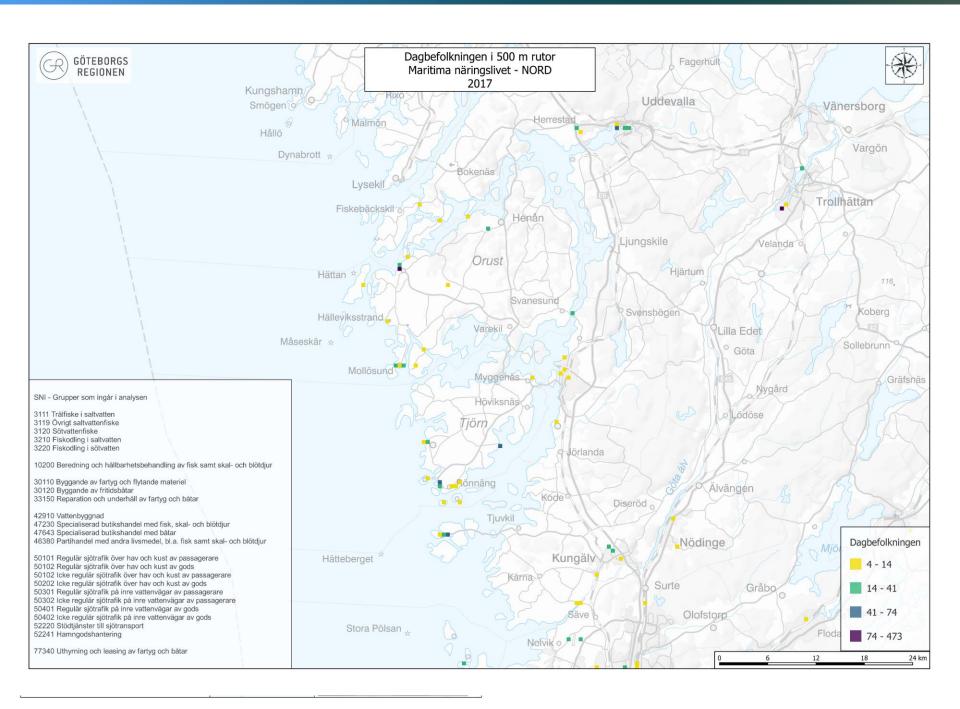












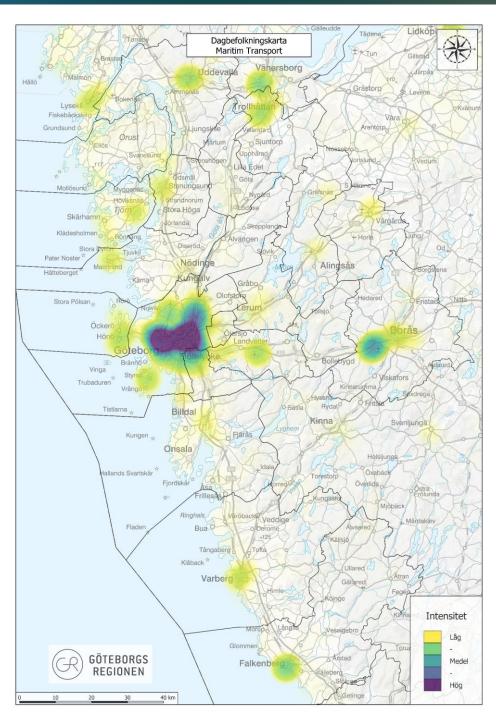
Sector wise analyses

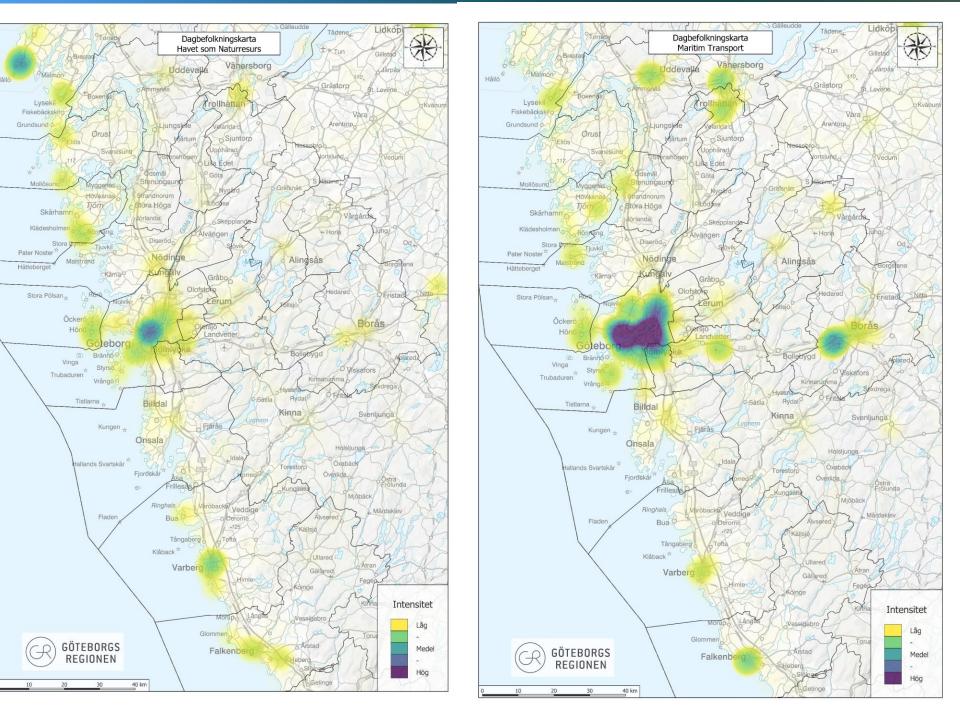
Transport →





for

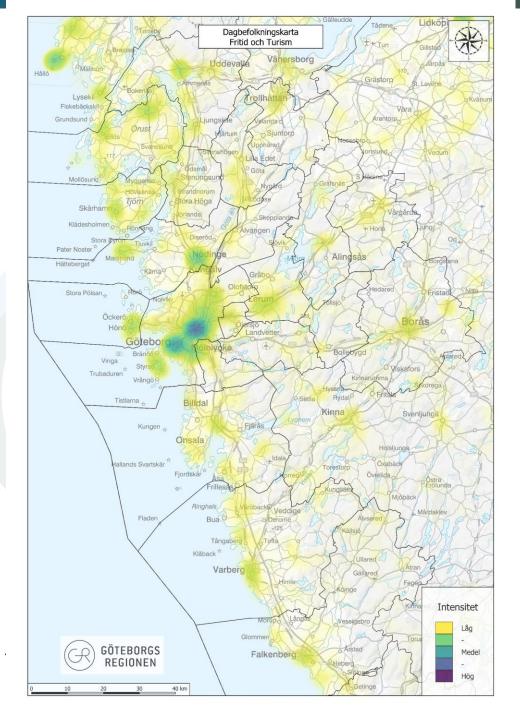




Sector wise mapping

Tourism →





Interview study with maritime businesses

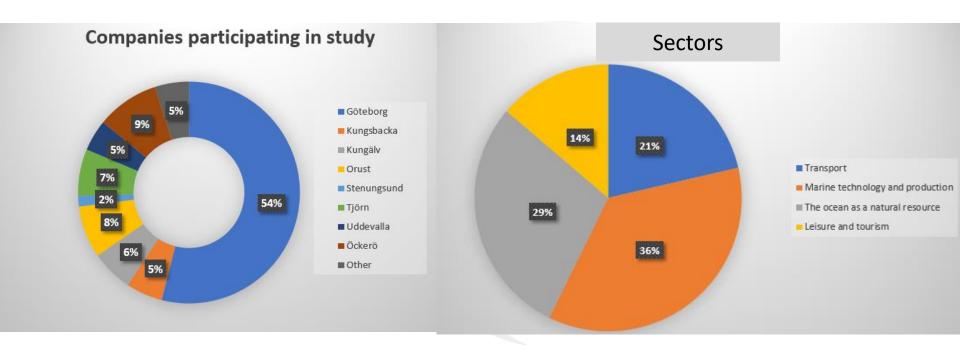
- Interview study with 130 small and medium sized maritime businesses.
- Structured telephone interviews
- Focus on most important markets and networks, supply
 of competence, local cooperation and dependence,
 future need for space and facilities, future development







Selection of companies



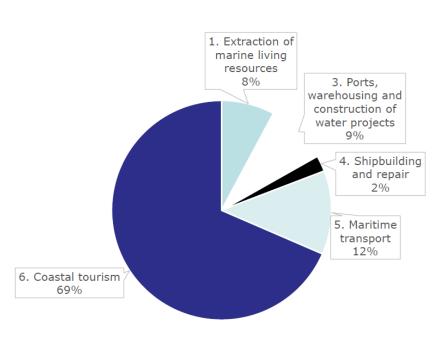


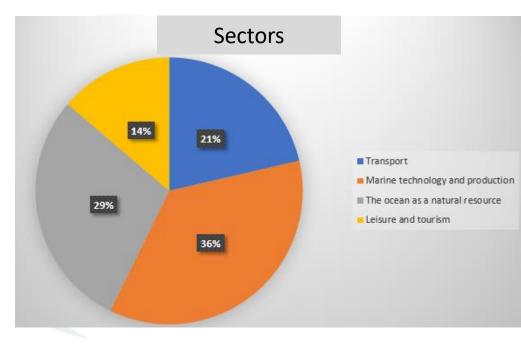




Selection of companies

Blue Economy GVA - SE23 Västsverige 2017





Hamburg institute HWWI

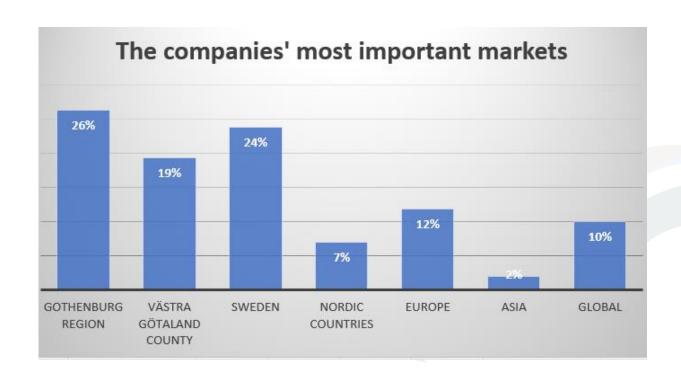








Most important markets









Networks and meeting places

Companies participating in networks or meeting places with...

	2020
Politicians	24%
Public actors	24%
Businesses in same sector	63%
Businesses in different sector	22%
Research institutes and academia	33%
Other	11%







Networks and meeting places

Many companies experience that there is a lack of meeting places with politicians and public actors to discuss eg.

- Climate adaptation
- Access and rent levels for quays
- Marketing of leisure boat "life" and recreational opportunities
- Infrastructure issues
- Help and advise on how to meet legal requirements on eg. environment and permit issues.







Networks and meeting places

We don't get support from the municipality and the region - more discussion is needed about boat moorings, infrastructure for rapid charging of electric boats (for example)." (Company in leisure and tourism)

Collaboration with the municipality could be better - we have a marina that is not fully occupied, the municipality has a queue but they can't transfer people over to us. (Company in maritime technology and production)







Local cooperation

74% of the companies state that they are cooperationg locally with other companies, the municipality or actors within the education system.

Within most of the municipalities the average for local cooperation is between 70-80%. In a couple of the municipalities the number is around 90-100 %. Two of them are island-municipalities.







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Significance of location

63 percent of the companies answered that their businesses are completely or partly dependent on location.

Mainly companies in the sea as a natural resource and maritime technology and production that considered themselves to be location dependent







Significance of location

The more location dependent a company considers itself, the greater the proportion of permanent residents they have as customers. Results from the 2014 survey demonstrate the same patterns.

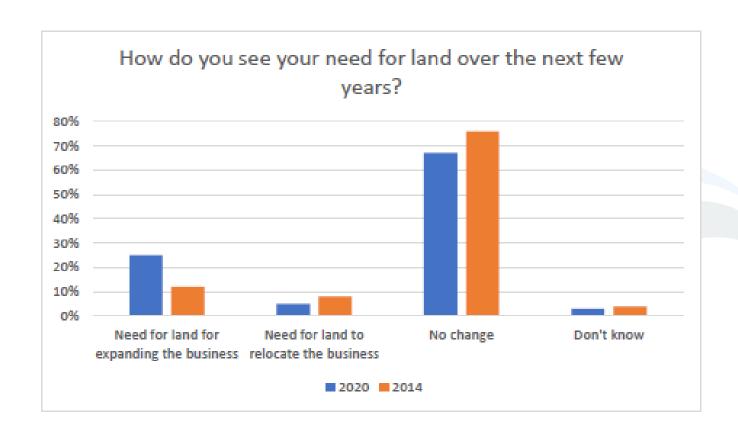
60 percent of the companies answered that they are entirely or partly dependent on the local offering of commercial services for their activities. Especially businesses within tourism.







Need for land and facilities



for Marine and







Conclusions

- Blue economy diverse set of businesses with different preconditions – needs to be highlighted further
- Access to land important for development especially spaces connecting land and sea. Ports, quays, harbors.
- Spatial needs on regional level interesting
- Significance of location and local collaboration
- Readiness in planning important









Ongoing: Mapping on maritime sectors spatial needs (land and water).

- Participatory GIS-mapping survey
- Changes in need for land or water areas, risks
 regarding access to land and water areas. Potential
 for sharing space? What differences are there in
 sectorwise needs? Type of land/water public vs
 private?







Preliminary results

- 9 out of 10 businesses state that their own businesses need to be located close to the coast
- More businesses need land close to the coast than water surfaces, both for own facilities and public spaces
- Businesses primarily see a potential in sharing land and water surfaces with other activities within the same sector
- Businesses within leisure and tourism also see potential to share space with businesses in other sectors.
- The sea as a natural resource (fisheries etc.) see the least opportunities in sharing.







Challenges in mapping/measuring the blue economy

- Framing and defining blue economy?
 - Statistics
 - Coastal tourism?
- On local level need for diversifying the knowledge on blue businesses











Our project homepage: www.land-sea.eu

Look up and follow us on social media #LandSeaAct

Ida Lindbergh

The Gothenburg Region

Thank you!



















