

Country Fiche on Terrestrial Spatial Planning

POLAND

Updated October 2025

1. Current situation and main challenges

Spatial policy in Poland (excluding maritime spatial planning) is regulated by the Act of 27 March 2003 on spatial planning and development with several amendments, as well as by number of other regulations, enclosed in over 100 legal acts.

State administrative organization in terms of spatial planning is divided into 3 levels: national, regional and local, with respective documents. The documents are binding for the lower level, but there is no instant update of a lower level document required after a higher level document amendment.

The primary basis for obtaining a building permit are **local spatial development plans**, presently covering about 32,6% of the country, adopted in accordance with a **study of conditions and directions of spatial development of a municipality**. In areas without spatial development plans, individual **terms of construction** are required to obtain a building permit. The carrying out of most infrastructural public investments (including public roads and utilities) is regulated in *lex specialis* laws, overruling local spatial planning documents.

The key problems of functioning of the spatial planning system are:

- 1) ineffective spatial policy at all levels of planning, including inadequate coverage of local spatial development plans and insufficient control over unplanned suburbanisation and, resulting from it, increasing costs of transportation and other technical and social infrastructure,
- 2) lack of stability and efficiency of the investment and construction process in areas without spatial development plans lack of compatibility between terms of construction and study of conditions and directions of spatial development of a municipality, resulting in lack of safety of investment and spatial conflicts,
- 3) impeded carrying out of public investments excluded from *lex specialis* procedures, as a result of inadequate coverage of local spatial development plans and insufficient coordination between the consecutive levels of planning.

The solution to abovementioned circumstances is last amendment to the Act of 27th March 2003 on spatial planning and development, approved by Polish government 24th September 2023 and should be implemented (as for today) by 30 June 2026. This is the first stage of the reform of the spatial planning system regarding local level. The new act on spatial planning:

- 1) introduced a requirement for all municipalities to prepare and adopt **a municipal strategy**, related also to territorial development;
- 2) introduced a requirement for all municipalities to prepare and adopt new instrument **general spatial development plan**, to be converted into local legislation, which shall lay down the general rules for building in the municipal area and it will establish zones for supplementary construction. The plan must be coherent with the municipal strategy;
- 3) introduced a requirement that obliges investors to carry out additional projects for the benefit of the municipality when building new development projects, with a view to, inter alia, reduce the development of housing without a sufficient provision of services;
- 4) defined the process in which stakeholders may participate in the drafting of the strategies and the general plans in municipalities.

2. Contacts

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Optional items to be filed in:

General information

Planning responsibilities:

Level of administration	Institution / Entity	Planning responsibilities
national	Minister of Development Funds and Regional Policy	elaboration of: 1) the national development concept (long-term document) 2) medium-term national development strategy
regional	Voivodeship marshal (self-government)	elaboration of: 1) regional spatial development plan 2) landscape audit 3) regional development strategy together with model of functional- spatial structure of Voivodeship
	Metropolitan area (self-government)	study of conditions and directions of spatial development for the metropolitan area
local	Municipality (self-government)	elaboration of: 1) study of conditions and directions of spatial development of the municipality (remains legally valid until 30 June 2026.) 2) general spatial development plans (preparation in progress according to the reform) 3) local spatial development plan or the integrated investment plan 4) resolution on the rules of placing advertisement

Spatial planning system

Spatial planning act Remarks Level of administration National Development Obligatory, interdisciplinary, long-term; national Concept 2050 defines trends, challenges and development scenarios until 2050. The National Development Concept (NDC) adopted by the Council of Ministers on 25 July 2025. https://www.gov.pl/web/funduszeregiony/biblioteka-krk Obligatory document, adopted in 2016, Medium-term national basis for the main directions of development strategy development of the country, binding for regional development strategy. New strategy is currently in the process of public consultation, it will be integrated document which guides socioeconomic and spatial development and introduce a new tool: national model of functional and spatial structure. https://www.gov.pl/web/funduszeregiony/strategia-rozwoju-polski-do-2035-r--projekt-do-konsultacjipublicznych Regional development Obligatory documents, by the end of regional strategy 2026 they must be updated. New strategies will also apply to spatial planning and development. A new instrument will be used in the new generation of voivodeship strategies – a model of functional and spatial structure. Regional development plan Obligatory, basis for the directions of regional infrastructure development (coherent with regional development strategy), binding for land use plan Landscape audit Obligatory, basis for identification of protection requirements of priority landscapes, binding for regional spatial development plan and land use plan Valid until Study of conditions and Obligatory, binding for local spatial Local directions of spatial development plan the general development of the spatial development municipality

	plan is adopted, but no longer than until 30 June 2026	Local development plan	Basis for building permit, obligatory only for specific areas or types of objects (including. wind farms or large retail centres), otherwise discretional
			(in areas without spatial development plans - individual terms of construction required to obtain a building permit)
		Resolution on the rules of placing advertisement	Optional, basis for rules of placing advertisement and street furniture in public spaces, when adopted - allows taxation of advertisement (based on separate resolution)
	From 1 July 2026 or earlier – from adoption of	Local development strategy for municipality or Supra-local development strategy	Obligatory for all municipalities (obligation to adopt one of these strategies), coherent with general spatial development plan
	the general spatial development plan	General spatial development plan	Obligatory for all municipalities, binding for local spatial development plan, integrated investment plan or individual location decision
		Local development plan	Basis for building permit, obligatory only for specific areas or types of objects (including: wind farms or large retail centers), otherwise discretional
		Integrated investment plan	Optional, basis for building permit, prepared by the investor, adopted by the commune
			(in areas without spatial development plan or integrated investment plan - individual terms of construction required to obtain a building permit)
		Resolution on the rules of placing advertisement	Optional, basis for rules of placing advertisement and small infrastructure in public spaces, when adopted - allows taxation of advertisement (based on separate resolution)